State Library

THE CAUCASIAN.

Pure Democracy and White Supremacy.

Vol. XI. CLINTON, N. C. THURSDAY, JANUARY 19, 1893. No. 14.

Paul Vand rvoort Has the Rostrum.

The Alliance Independent, (Lincoln, Neb.), of the 5th inst., says:

"The commander-in-chief of the Industrial Legion, lately organized at Memphis, is registered at the Lindell. Paul Vandervoort is a natural organizer, and great things are to be expected of him by those who placed him at the head of this apparently soon-to be gigantic organization. Whether or not this Legion shall be the medium that shall weld into one solid phalanx the serried hosts of labor, whose ballot can strike the fetters from 50,000,000 industrial slaves, remains to be seen. Certain it is that thousands believe it and hundreds in this State are on the tip-toe of expectation ready to challenge fate under its banners. Mr. Vandervoort, you have the rostrum. Press the button."

Free Passes.

Will our legislators have the decency to refuse free passes from the railroads? The late election meant reform in various directions, and there is nothing about which the farmer is more sensitive than the receiving of free passes by our Congressional and State representatives. These passes are regarded as a bribe, and they are. The representative who accepts a free pass is owned by the railroad giving it. If he is an honorable man he will pay for his pass, when he has the opportunity, and if he does he will vote against the interests of the masses, for railroads have been crowding down the masses nearly ever since they have had an existence. The people would like to see every State Legislature pass a law making it a penal offence for a public official to accept a free pass.—Farmer's Voice.

[This applies to North Carolina and every State in the Union.—Ed.]

Popular Vote for President.

The Brooklyn Eagle publishes the following instructive table on this subject:

"For Grover Cleveland the Democrats in 1892 cast a vote of 5,607,242. The increase was 70,882. Benj. Harrison's vote in 1892 was 5,282,086. In 1888 it was 5,440,708. His loss was 158,622. The nominee of the Populists, James B. Weaver, received in 1892 a total of 996,998. The Greenback Labor candidate in 1888 had 303,578. The gain was 688,416. Bidwell, the Prohibitionist candidate in 1892, polled 280,894. Four years earlier the Prohibition vote was 246,876. The gain was 34,068. On the total vote for President the average quadrennial increase has been about 1,150,000. The advance in 1892 was only 783,134. Here is the aggregate vote and the percentage of increase since the second election of Mr. Lincoln:

Year.	Total Vote.	Per Ct. Increase.
1864	4,024,762	—
1868	5,724,762	18
1872	6,431,149	12
1876	8,425,273	31
1880	9,219,947	9
1884	10,057,610	9
1888	11,383,970	13
1892	12,167,102	7

This table shows that the Democrats did not conduct the last campaign with the vigor which distinguished their previous efforts. The reason assigned is that as soon as Mr. Cleveland was nominated a large number made up their minds at once how they would vote, and energy thus lagged under the settled conviction that the Democratic candidate would be elected. And it was quite evident that the Republicans were paralized at the outset.

Now They Will Drop It.

And now you will hear no more of the "tariff question." It has played its part. It served as a bone to quarrel over during the election. Its usefulness is ended. Farmers who carried torches and 'rahed for the old party will go to husking their corn, standing off the storekeeper, humping to get their interest money for old Shylock—and wondering when the good times are coming which the political stump speakers promised them. The workingmen will continue to rise at six, go to work at seven, "cuss" their low wages, threaten to strike and spend their noon hour telling how many "twofer" cigars and how many glasses of free beer they got parading in an old party procession. But the "tariff" will not be in it. That question is settled—till the next campaign. —Chicago Sentinel.

You will see much in the papers about what Congress is going to do and they may even swear that they have done something for the people, but before the next election you feel in your pocket and see for pourself how much they have done.—Ed.

Government Ownership will Come.

The growth of opinion in this country is in favor of government ownership of the railways, the telegraph and telephone systems, and in favor of municipal ownership of all municipal monopolies, is simply remarkable. That the complete ownership and operatiou of all our great public and national monopolies will soon become a fact, there seems to be no reasonable doubt. The time was, in this country, when it was thought to be impossible for the government to be unable to manage the postal service. That day has gone by. To-day many good meaning people think the government could not manage the railroads, the telegraph and the telephones. The day will soon come when this possibility will come. There is no other way to settle the railroad question.—Minneapolis Progressive Age.

Land-Loans in England.

Our so called great financiers delight to imitate the financial legislation of Great Britain, and one of the most important measures that has passed the commons of the great parliament was a land-loan scheme —a scheme for the government to aid the Irish tenant to purchase his home. It passed the commons on June 15th, by a majortty 129 out of a total vote of 321. The measure provides that the British government shall advance the money to buy out the landed estates, and allows the tenants to purchase their holding by paying annual installments. To this end $165,000,000 is to be appropriated. The purchasing tenants will be required to pay such installments as will complete their payments in forty-nine years. As fast as the installments are paid the money is to be used in other purchases.

In payment for the land the government is to issue to the owners stocks or bonds at 2 3-4 per cent and payable in not less than 30 years.

This is to all intents and purposes a government loan on real estate, and if Great Britain can make such loans to free the Irish tenantry from landlordism, might not the United States government make similar loans to free the American farmer from Shylock?—Progressive Farmer.

Light is Breaking.

The Republican party has elected its last president. The Democratic party will never elect another candidate.

The people are aroused.

The Populist cause is in the saddle and will be the next great party. The cause of the masses must have a defender if we hope to perpetuate the republic.

The Democratic leaders are chained to plutocracy, and there is nothing to hope for from that party.

The same is true of the Republican party.

The rank and file of both old parties are honest and well meaning, and sympathize with the people.

Ignorance, prejudice and party favoritism have kept them in darkness.

The light is breaking. Another four years of education and the common people will begin to understand that they are the power and that they are the people in shape to direct government, and not the few who request the money power.—Denver Road.

Some Alliance Thoughts.

Independent Watchman, (Mo.): No man should be selected as an Alliance man who cannot take a solemn oath to divorce his party prejudice from his Alliance teachings, no matter what the party. Failing in this he should resign. We do not believe in compromising with the devil. The Alliance must be maintained nonpartisan.

Independent Watchman, (Mo.): We must educate to principle, not party. For heaven's sake let us be decent in our censure. We must purge the Alliance of partizan bigots and fools, or it is lost. We cannot kick Peter and kiss Paul. A dose of strict discipline to the tune of the "rogues march out of Alliance office" would be highly proper and strengthening to the order.

Hon. H. L. Louck's address: I hope the Alliance will never become a partizan organization, that is, the tool of any political party. So long as other classes remain organized we must perpetuate our organization or remain at the mercy of organized classes. It is not enough that a political party has adopted our demands—we are yet only on the threshold in this movement. We must continue the work of education on the economic principles incorporated in our demands and this can be done much better inside our organization than through a political party.

People's Cause, (Tex.): The Alliance is an industrial organization composed of men of every political faith known in America. The People's party is composed of men who believe in a certain line of political action. The Alliance is a non-partizan organization, while the People's party is a strictly partizan organization. The Alliance and the three parties now in existence are alike in only one particular, viz.: they place no religious test on a candidate for membership. Those persons in and out of the Alliance who have been claiming that the Alliance was a political machine are just that much mistaken. The Alliance promulgated a platform, the People's party adopted it; in this particular only have they ever been akin.

Ruralist, (S. Dak.): Throw your whole soul into Alliance work this fall and winter. Build up your own organization. Encourage your neighbor to become active and vigilant in this great cause that means so much to the farmers of the whole country. It is easy to see that capital, through all manner of corporations and associations, is thoroughly organized, vigilant, active and unscrupulous. It will bring to bear every influence possible to break down farm organizations, for they realize that the Alliance is an educator that is responsible for the present political revolution that is breaking the power to lead men through partizanship. The Alliance has set men to think ing and reasoning. It has loosened the bonds that bound them together.

Various Ties That Bind.

I apprehend there are some people now in the Republican party who would be in the People's party if there were more broadcloth and silk hats in the latter.

Most of us have too much deference for wealth independent of other considerations. Business considerations influence many more than does conviction.

I know some men of whom one would expect better things; who find more satisfaction in having the president of a bank or some prominent lawyer politician give them a patronizing hand shake or pat them on the shoulder than they would in standing by manly conviction when such a manly stand deprives them of the patroniziug hypocritical, obsequious attention of the rich and influential. Vanity and excessive love of approbation are the predominating influences with such men They feed on flattery and adulation, and strange to say, are often unconscious of their weakness.

Heaven pity such men! Whether preachers, physicians, lawyers, business men, or laborers; verily they get their reward.

Courageous devotion to conviction always wins respect.

Social ties hold many men in party lines. Selfish ties hold legions.

Almost infinite are the motives and forces which prompt men to affiliate.

Intelligence, motives and purpose determines strength and duration of affiliation.

In society, as in nature, no organization is fixed and unchangeable. Unchangeable fixation would be everlasting deadness.

Organization is a primary law in nature. The universe and the planates were involved from chaos by systematic, monadic organization, and concentration of practices—individual units coagmented. This law prevails in the animal and vegetable kingdom, and is prominently and beautifully illustrated in the formation of minerals. It is natural to organize. Indivinual isolation is decay, and eventually dissolution. Existence, vital strength and potent action depend upon sagacious organization. It is right to organize. It is strength. Organize!

But all organizations are inevitably and invariably subject to aggregation, disintergration, and eventually to disorganization.

Political organizations are not exceptions to the rule.

Don't contend against the inevitable changes demanded as a sequence to perpetual evolution and advancing civilization.

New things are only new in formation.—Topeka Advocate and Tribune.

Growing in Tennessee.

The Alliance in Tennessee is growing. Hundreds of new members are being initiated and many old ones coming back in. The work of organization should be pushed in every State of the Union. Without organization, farmers cannot successfully meet the evils perpetrated upon them. —The Toiler.

President Loucks on the Presidential Contest at Memphis.

To the Members of the N. F. & A. I. U.:

It was not my intention to say anything special about our Memphis session, but there seems to be some misunderstanding about it, even among our reform papers, to warrant a few words at this time.

First, then, there was no personal antagonism that I know of between Dr. Macune and myself. Previous to the Memphis session he had no warmer friend or admirer than myself. Whenever attacked I defended him, since I first met him at St. Louis three years ago.

Second, there was no difference in policy of Alliance work up to date of that session that I am aware of. When we lost our president, he wired me to come to Washington at once. I had work planned out for a few weeks, so wrote him of my plan, and showed my confidence in him by authorizing him to act for me until my arrival. He cordially approved of my plans. During my stay in Washington I consulted with him freely and confidentially; indeed, authorized him as chairman of the executive committee to make my appointments for me, giving preference to the Southern States, where he was much better acquainted than I was. We both agreed in the opinion that the Alliance should be a non partisan organization. We also agreed that it was our duty to support the political party that adopted our demands. So that so far as I know there was no difference in policy or methods between us. I asked no one to support me. There was no fight made on me that I know of. The brother who nominated Dr. Macune stated that if he were elected president I would be elected vice-president by acclamation. When the doctor's friends became very earnest in their canvass for him, and when he stated it was a case of life or death for him, I requested that my name be withdrawn. My friends would not consent. They took the position that Dr. Macune, from the South, had held the office for three years, followed by brother Jones for one year, then brother Polk three years, all from the South; that it was now only just and in the interest of the order that the honor should go to the North, particularly as the claim had been made in the North that the N. F. & I. U. was a Southern Alliance. The contest was not made on sectional lines, for although the vote was by ballot, I feel sure I am correct in saying that the delegates from the following Southern States voted for me, viz: Virginia, Georgia, North Carolina and Missouri, while the following Northern States would have supported Dr. Macune: Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, Iowa and California. There is no reason for saying that our political affiliations made any difference, for we were both avowed People's party men, and whilst I think it is true that all the Democratic delegates were supporters of the doctor, it is also true that such stalwart People's party men as brothers West, Jamison, McDowell, Gardner, Tracy, Robinson and Cole were also. It is ridiculous to say that "Gideon's Band" had anything to do with my election, as it is generally understood that the doctor is a prominent member of the Band, while I am not, and never had any connection with it, directly or indirectly, and know nothing of it except from heresay.

I think it is unfair to claim that the executive committee of the People's party met there for the purpose of interfering in our business. No one would have resented such interference more quickly than I would. I saw no such iffdications. They were there as at Indianapolis and St. Louis, because they could meet so many of their co-workers at less expense than in any other way. To charge that they are enemies of the Alliance, or plotting for its downfall, is ridiculous, as time will prove.

At every session of the Alliance we must expect that delegates will have their favorites for office. In the past in our order it has invariably been true that the candidate for office has been defeated. I hope in the future that it will always prove true, then the office will seek the man, and there will be no heart-burnings through disappointment. We cannot permit so grand an order, with such noble objects in view, to be used to aid any individual in his personal ambitions. Where the attempt is made it is our duty to prevent it by all honorable means. If the time should ever come when the majority of our delegates at any session should consider the election of any particular person to office, a necessity for our order, then we will have reached our zenith. Men are nothing in this movement. Success for our principles, everything. Two much space has already been consumed for or against individuals. Push our demands to the front. Train your guns on the opposition, and do not permit yourself to be sidetracked on minor issues or personalities.

Yours fraternally,
H. L. Loucks.

The Vice of Absenteeism.

The Democrats have a majority of 150 in the House of Representatives, but they forfeited congressional control again by absenteeism. This is inexcusable neglect of duty. It is also very bad politics. How can the Democrats renew their indictment of the Republicans for selfish indifference to public concerns if the Democrats fail of enough interest in public affairs even to occupy their seats in Congress?—Brooklyn Eagle.

Where the Votes Came From.

The poor old Indianapolis Journal is laboring hard to explain the immense significance of over one million votes for Weaver by providing that in every instance it came by defections of one or the other of the old parties. Wonderful, isn't it? Does the Journal think the People's party was to get its strength in any other way than by taking recruits from the Democrats and Republicans?—Nonconformist.

How to Convince Them.

If some of those fellows who charge that farmers are extravagant as a class would make their lodging place for a few months at an average farmer's house, they would become thoroughly convinced that the farmers are the most economical class in this country—that they work harder, live harder and receive less for their labor than any other class of people.—Our Home.

Thank God!

The gospel of truth has at last been preached in Diana's temple. Senator John P. Jones declared to the gold worshippers at Brussels that "money is not a material thing, but a function conferred by law." The money changers have spent millions to keep the world in ignorance of this truth. A knowledge of this by our people alarms the financial freebooters more than would 100 iron clad war ships thundering at their gates.—Plow and Hammer, Tiffin, Ohio.

Try BLACK-DRAUGHT tea for Dyspepsia.

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Show this Paper to your neighbor and advise him to subscribe.

Subscription Price $1.00 per year in Advance,

CLINTON, N. C., JAN. 19, 1893.

ANDREW JOHNSON DEMOCRACY.

Shall the currency of the country be legal tender issued and its volume controlled by the government, or shall it be non-legal tender issued and controlled by banking corporations?

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

RENEW your subscription to THE CAUCASIAN.

THE National Watchman says that Washington is filling up with lobbyists for the Nicaragua canal steal.

DID you turn over that new leaf on Jan. 1st 1893? Did it stay turned over? If so, what is on it?

GOV. ELIAS CARR was inaugerated yesterday. It cost the tax payers of the State $500. yesterday to go through with the operation.

JUST think, THE CAUCASIAN from now till January, 1894, for one dollar. Don't miss another copy. Send us your name at once.

NOTE how promptly the Legislature noted down that bill to make the railroads pay for stock killed. The railroad lobby is of course on hand.

THE People's party carried every township in Wake county except two. yet the machine politicians managed to count a majority for themselves. The develment was done in Raleigh.

SENATOR John Sherman says that he endorses the silver plank in the Democratic platform. This does not surprise us, for we can't see how any gold bug could object to it.

WE have sent a statement to every subscriber on our books. Every one who owe us anything know just how he stands. Please remit at once. The paper must be brought to a cash in advance basis.

SINCE the opening of the 52 Congress there have been three deaths in the Senate as follows: Plumb, of Kansas, in December, 1891; Barbour, of Virginia, in May 1892; and Gibson, of Louisiana, in December, 1892

Two weeks ago THE CAUCASIAN exposed in an editorial the true inwardness of this "good road" racket. The reform press of the country is taking up the matter. The National Watchman, published at Washington, D. C., in its last issue says:

"The Watchman thinks there is some concealed object in the interest that has so suddenly developed in good roads. Let every one beware of tricks when meetings are held in the cities to build good roads in the country. The leopard does not easily change its spots.

IT is telegraphed from St. Louis that Grover Cleveland is in a syndicate to buy the street railways of that and other cities. Dan Lamont, William C. Whitney and other "reform" Democrats are also in it up to their necks. They are associated of course, with a lot of Republicans of the same kindey and here again we have illustrated the truth that there is no politics in plunder. It doesn't make any difference which party is in power as the trusts flourish as well under one as the other.

WE have ordered a press, it will be to pay for by Feb. 1st. We haven't raised enough money yet to foot the bill, but it must be done inside of the next two weeks. If you are due anything, please send at once. If you are not please try to get us up a club. Let every body help.

The truth shall be told and when the people know the truth then justice will be done. THE CAUCASIAN will turn on the light. Be sure your neighbor reads it. Help us to push its circulation into every neighborhood in North Carolina. Get us up a club and help us and the cause of reform at the same time.

THE last Legislature commenced certain corporation reforms, but did not get through. In the last campaign the Democrats claimed to be in favor of all those reforms. They have now at least a good working majority in the Legislature. They have now a glorious opportunity to show whether they are for the people or the railroads.

THE Messenger had something to say a few days since about the scarcity of Alliance reformers in that section. For the information of the Messenger we will state that we have added 198 new subscribers on our books during the last week, and that even twenty of them were at the Wilmington, N. C. office.

THE Alliance has forced the Democratic party to admit that the conditions we complain of exist. The Alliance raised the point of money famine and demanded an increase of the currency. When the Democrats offer to try to increase the currency and break the monopoly control of it by starting State banks, they are admitting the facts we state and the justness of the demands we make, but just like a stubborn child, when you tell it the right way to do a thing it insists on doing it another way. We shall see who is right.

WHEN the Democratic electors of New York met last week, after going through the red tape of casting their votes for Cleveland and Stevenson, they passed a resolution endorsing Edward Murphy for Senator. Cleveland went out of his way a few days ago to say that Murphy was not fit for Senator, and the electors went out of their way to give Mr. Cleveland a black eye. It's only a racket between Tammany and Wall street. The people don't take sides, they are against both machines and both machines are against the people. For when it comes to a contest between the people and plutocacy their machines act together.

MR. FAIRCHILD, Secretary of the Treasury under Cleveland, in an interview a few days since said that his objection to the Bland silver bill was that it would lower the price of silver. This is the most bold faced and artless demagoguery we have ever heard. The object of Mr. Bland's bill is to stop discrimination against silver so the price will stop falling. Mr. Fairchild's real objection to the Bland bill is that it would tend to bring silver to par with gold, or rather to lower the premium on gold by taking from the yellow metal its "special privileges" and tend to bring it to a par with silver. Mr. Bland says do for silver what you have done for gold, but Mr. Fairchild is like the Irishman in court when he said tothe Judge. "By the faith and the Jesus, justice is what I am afraid of."

THE Democratic papers have been publishing the Populist vote of the State at from 44,000 to 45,000. When the returns were opened in the Legislature last week it was 47,840 not a single Democratic paper in the State has commented on the fact. How many more thousand votes were actually cast we will never know. See in Raleigh letter this week where the House voted down a bill requiring intelligent and competent judges of election. The machine wants a chance to do some more counting two years from now. The man who will steal your vote deserves more to be in the penitentiary than the man who steals chickens from your hen roost.

THE NATIONAL Alliance meeting at Memphis advised subordinate lodges to use educational exercises in their meetings. This is a good idea. A series of lessons beginning on the "Powers and Functions of Government," and branching out into a thoughtful study of government economy, would be a valuable aid to the reform organizations of the country. We are glad to know that L. K. Taylor, National Secretary-Treasurer of the Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union, will devote his energies to this work for the next year. His editorial work on the Toiler, and his campaign book entitled "Clevelandism vs. Democracy," shows him to be capable to give the subordinate lodges some good thoughts.

He proposes to make his lesson leaf to Alliance lodges and reform clubs just what the International Sunday-school lesson is to the country. The lesson will be clasified under four heads, "Subject Matter," "Points for Discussion," "Practical Points," "Questions."

These lessons will be issued twice a month, and will be sent to subordinate Secretaries in bundles of fifteen.

Subordinate Secretaries or individuals desiring these lessons for distribution, should send L. K. Taylor, Washington, D. C., ten cents, which is to pay the expense of enlisting and printing their names. The lessons will cost you nothing, every man in your neighborhood should have one; if fifteen is not enough send two dimes and get thirty. Stamps will not be taken.

Address L. K. Taylor, Washington, D. C.

Enough space will be given advertisers to cover cost of issuance. Send for a bundle for your friends.

"Learn to Labor and to Wait."

The world moves slowly. Many men become discouraged because they cannot bring all the rest of mankind to see as they do. If such men would reflect, they would see that the very thing that they complain of is the safeguard of all permanent institutions. If society could be easily moved by the eloquence and logic of one man, or a small class of men, confusion would soon take the place of order. Society can only be slowly moved by great, general causes. Great reforms result from the pressure of great evils. This pressure drives all the people affected by it to think and act. All that reformers can do is to assist in arousing and directing thought and action. If the great evils of which we complain to-day are genuine, their pressure will continue and increase, and the reformer who "possess his soul in patience," has not many years to wait for the reward of his labors.

McElree's Wine of Cardui

and THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT are for sale by the following merchant: Dr. R. H. HOLLIDAY, Clinton, N. C.

BRO. LOUCKS DOING GOOD WORK.

One of the first fruits of President Loucks' excellent management of the Farmers' Alliance is the consolidation of the Nebraska State Alliance with the N. F. A. and I. U. This is the only Western State that up to this time has not been organized with the N. F. A. and I. U. President Loucks is to be congratulated in his success. There is a growing sentiment that Bro. Loucks will ably and impartially fill the place of Bro. Polk, and that the Alliance made no mistake in his selection.

YES, THERE ARE A FEW WHO BELEIVE IT.

No sane man believes that Cleveland's great vote was due to his increased personal popularity nor to any improvement in the Democratic platform over that of 1888.

The votes were negative. They were a protest against the party in power and not an indorsement of the Democratic candidates or platform. Had the millions who voted blindly in protest against the continuation of the Republican party in power believed there was any chance for the People's party their ballots would have been cast for Weaver and Field. They didn't want to "vote in the air." Now they are doubting the wisdom of their choice, and if the People's party is true to its If two years hence all doubt will be removed, and the discontented millions will rally around its standard in 1-96. National Watchman.

[Yes there are some men who are partly informed who believe it. —ED.]

THE INDUSTRIAL LEGION.

This new organization was made by some of the leading spirits of the People's party at Memphis, last November during the meeting of the National Farmer's Alliance. All of the parties who took part in the new organization are men whose past course, as workers in the great reform movement, is above reproach. But notwithstanding this fact, a few of our Alliance papers in the south have been disposed to condemn the Legion. This is wrong. The object of the Legion, is to make the organization of the People's party more compact. The enemy we have to fight is well organized and perfectly united in every move they make, now if we would join them in successful conflict, we should hail with approval every measure calculatod to give us the strength of union.

We cannot afford to condemn the efforts of any man, or men whose object is to promote the growth and strength of the People's party in the United States. In that is our hope for the future of the republic."—The Truth (Tex).

THE DEMOCRATS SHOULD HAVE THEM.

J. H. Williamson (col.), who publishes a paper called the GAZETTE, in the last issue says that "The Third party is dead and laid out to cool—stretched on the cooling board of public indignation—dead, dead." That sounds so much like Kingsbury, Jernigan, Ashe, Caldwell & Company, that if their faces were blackened "one could not be told from 'tother." Has Williamson joined the "Negro Domination" fraternity, or is the above editorial production simply the result of the training the Democratic machine gave him during the campaign, when he was running for Congress as a Democratic side show to help Bunn beat Stroud? In the same paper Williamson assumes the authority (or probably he has the right) to give the Democratic party some advice. He says: "Now the Democrats are in, let them turn out every Republican—every mother's son of them—and put none on guard but those who stood by the party when the party needed them.

* * * * *

We especially desire that those fellows who feel themselves above speaking to colored men should they visit Washington, be turned out. Turn them out and put in colored men here who voted for your party."

Now would it not be well for George Herring (col.), of this county, to give a little timely advice like the above to the Democrats? He worked hard to give them enough 'Negro Domination' to save the Democratic ticket in Sampson, and they ought to listen to him. He has a right to advise, and a right to be obeyed by them.

RALEIGH LETTER

The Doings of the General Assembly.

(Special Correspondent.)

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 17, '93.

Very little has been done by the General Assembly since I closed my last report on Tuesday night the 10th. The following are some of the more

IMPORTANT BILLS.

In Senate.

Mr. Leatherwood, a bill authorizing railroad companies to grant passes to persons traveling for orphan asylums in this State and to orphans going to and from these orphan asylums. After the bill had passed its first reading Mr. Sherrill offered an amendment providing that the same provisions be extended to the Soldiers' Home. Mr. Day introduced an amendment providing that railroad companies should be allowed to grant passes to the members. He is we believe, a railroad attorney, and his amendment is no doubt intended as a feeler, we will watch with interest to see ifthe members bite.

On Wednesday the 11th Maj. Wilson was re-elected chairman of the Railroad Commission by joint vote of both houses.

A bill appropriating $500 for the inauguration of Gov. Carr was passed last Thursday. The inauguration will take place tomorrow. Probably it will interest your readers to know for what purposes this money will be used. The items are as follows: Band of music $150, for rent of a hall $100, carriage hire $50, to pay expenses of State Guard to conduct the Gov-elect to Raleigh $100, stationery and postage $50, (pretty big unless they intend to write and invite the People's party folks,) servants $50. If I were Governor I would rather have this $500 added to my salary than spent in this manner.

Mr. Cooper, a bill to give justices of the peace jurisdiction in cases of cruelty to animals.

Senate bill regarding issuing of attachments when actual service cannot be had, has passed its third reading.

Mr. Morton, of New Hanover, a bill to extend the charter of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad Company.

In House.

Mr. Kitchen, a bill to establish State banks and increase the currency Banks and currency.

Mr. Allen, a bill to define the duties of the judge and jury in certain cases of negligence.

The same a bill concerning suits concerning infants and persons of unsound minds.

Chairman Allen, of the Judiciary Committee of the House of Representatives has given notice that the bills befor said committee relating to the homestead law be considered on Monday, January 23d at 3 o'clock, p. m., by that committee in the Supreme Court library.

Mr. Watson, of Forsyth, a bill to protect prisoners confined in jail under charge of crime, until they can be fairly tried by a jury.

By same, a bill to incorporate the Winston Salem and Charleston Railroad Company.

By the same, a bill to provide a uniform rule for the limitation of actions against railroad companies for the use and occupation of lands.

Mr. Norton, bill to make drunkenness a misdemeanor.

Mr. Harris, to amend section 988 of the Code relative to the crime of bigamy.

By same, to amend chapter 227, laws of 1891, and section 1,750 of the Code relating to practice to terminate tendancy.

Mr. Daniel, bill to amend chapter 20 laws of 1891, to public roads of Sampson county.

Mr. Clark, to amend section 2579, of the Code, so as to include married persons and parents of illegitimate children for the benefit of the public schools.

If the State recognizes an illegitimate child as a citizen should it not be educated?

A bill was passed to move the colored State Normal School from Warrenton to Franklinton.

Bill prohibiting the county commissioners from appointing ignorant and incompetent judges of elections was offered, but the House refused to consider it and tabled the bill at once. What does this mean? Can it mean that the House is in favor of having ignorant and incompetant judges of elections? Were there not enough men in the body who were in favor of fair elections to support the bill or at least to have recorded the yeas and nays on it that the people could see how their members stand on this important question? Probably many of the members were aware of the fact that they would now be at home if there had been a election in their respective counties.

Bill to amend chapter 32, laws of 1885, relating to killing stock by railroads was offered but was promptly tabled. This bill or some bill to protect stock and provide for the speedy payment of the stock killed should be passed.

Notes.

While the bill to appropriate $500.00 for the inauguration of Gov. Carr was under consideration, the member from Cumberland remarked there was a certain element in this Hall that would be glad to see Gov. Elect Carr ride mule-back from his farm in Edgecombe county and hook his mule out at the east end of Capitol Square, and then up and be installed into office like a justice of the peace or Sheriff of a county.

Mr. Self, of Chatham, wishing to know if there was to be no dancing, said he was a good Methodist opposed dancing but did not think that $150.00 of the people's money should be used for music to encourage it.

"What?" said a good Democrat the other day, "certainly shall not vote to reduce the number of employees here. If I had my way I'd eave a good paying position for every Democrat around here."

* * * *

Your correspondent overheard the following conversation:

"Lets find out who offers the different bills," says a member of a certain committee, and if a Republican offers it lets kill it matters not how good it is.

"Yes," says another, "that's the same with these Third party fellows too."

* * * *

Mr. Quinn, a member of the House from Swain county, was first assigned to a seat in a back position. The bosses thought he was a Democrat. When they learned he was one of those hated reformers, the seat was assigned to some else, and he was placed back in an undesirable position. Who has the right to turn out the seats for his pets? In time a stop was put to this favoritism.

The Most Pleasant Way

Of preventing the grippe, colds, headaches and fevers is to use the pleasant laxative remedy Syrup of Figs, whenever the system needs a gentle and effective cleansing. To be beneficial one must get the true remedy manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only. For sale by all druggists 50c. and $1 bottles.

BLACK-DRAUGHT tea cures Constipation.

FOR DYSPEPSIA,
Indigestion, and Stomach disorders, take
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
All dealers keep it, $1 per bottle. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

THE CAUCASIAN.

CLINTON, N. C., JAN. 19, 1893.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Business notices under this head, 10 cents per line first insertion; subsequent insertions 5 cents per line.

Full Cream Cheese at T. M. F's.

175 sacks salt at 65 cents per sack at C. P. Johnsons.

If you want a new trunk give T. M. Ferrell a call.

Have you tried that new lot of Buckwheat at T. M. F's? It is fine.

Wouldn't the Fields and Lanes have had a poor time but for those Violin Strings at T. M. F's?

M. Hanstine is still selling at cost and will continue until his entire stock is sold.

Go to Sanders & Harper and get a package of Horse and Cattle Powder with every dollar's worth you buy.

Vests, shawls, dress goods, counterpanes, blankets, trunks and valises, for ladies and for men. Socks, suspenders, hats, collars, cuffs and pants cloth, at B. F. POWELLS.

For sale at B. F. Powell's seed wheat, seed rye, flour, molasses, meat, meal, sugar, coffee, canned meats, fruits, oysters, lobsters, salmon. Low prices. Call for what you want. Respectfully,
B. F. POWELL.

Notice.

I will be in Clinton every Saturday from now till March 1st, 1893. Every one who is indebted to the Sampson County Alliance Store must come forward and settle before that day. After that day I will advertise and sell, at public auction at the court house door, all accounts that are still unpaid.
A. H. HERRING. Assignee

LOCAL.

Mr. Jasper Rodgers (formerly with T. M. Ferrell) of Amuses, Ga., is spending a few days in Clinton.

Mr. Tommie James and Mr. A. C. Merritt of Taylor have returned to Trinity College.

We are pleased to see that Mr W. S. Thompson, who has for so many years practiced law at the Clinton bar, has been elected President of a bank at Cordele, Ga.

We see Mr. Cooper has introduced a bill to make it a misdemeanor, punishable with fine and imprisonment to get drunk. We suppose he does not expect the bill to pass.

Messrs. Aycock, of Goldsboro, Woodard, of Wilson, Burton, of Raleigh, and Davis & Rountree of Wilmington were in town several days last week on professional business.

We are asked to state that the new post office, Dalila, in south Clinton township, will open on the 16th inst. Of course subscribers who wish the addrees of their papers changed to that office must notify us.

Mr. E. M. Peterson who has been on the staff of the THE CAUCASIAN as local editor since the first of last September, has resigned to enter his brother's school at Burgaw, N. C. Mr. Peterson is a young man of ability and sterling integrity. The longer he stayed in our office the more we valued him. He has newspaper talent and we are glad to learn that he is thinking of starting a paper at Burgaw. He will be appreciated in Pender when the people there learn his worth.

C. A. Thompson, Seymour, Ind., writes: "My sister Jennie, when she was a young girl, suffered from white swelling, which greatly impaired her general health and made her blood very impure. In the spring she was not able to do anything and could scarcely get about. More than a year ago she took three bottle of Botanic Blood Balm, and now she is perfectly cured."

A Circulation to be Proud of.

ELM CITY, N. C.,
Jan. 13, 1893.

MR. EDITOR:— * * I want your paper to get a circulation that you will be proud of even as we are proud of the editor. Our principles are truth and justice and must be on a grow. * *
Yours truly, X.

The Best Paper They Have Ever Seen.

ELM CITY, N. C.
Jan, 9, 1893.

MR. EDITOR:—I send you a club of subscribers. * * * I hope to be able to send another club soon. Our people think THE CAUCASIAN the best paper they have ever seen. Much success to you.
GEO. W. GREEN.

More Kind Words.

JONESBORO, N. C.,
Jan. 14, 1893.

MR. EDITOR:—Inclosed find club from our place. I wish I could express to you my sentiments in regard to your paper, but I will try to show my appreciation by getting you up soon a larger club. Our people are delighted with the paper, and if they were not so poor I could send you a hundred subscribers in a week. Send me a bundle of sample copies. The last issue is the best one you have ever gotten out.
Very truly,

Resolutions Passed by Frindship Alliance of Duplin County.

Dec. 31st, 1892.

At a regular meeting of Friendship Alliance the following resolutions were unanimously passed and sent to THE CAUCASIAN and the Progressive Farmer for publication:

1. That we extend to Brother Marion Butler our sympathy in his great loss by fire of his printing press and fixtures, and hope he will soon be able to issue his paper from his own office and to stand sentinel on the watch tower guarding the interests of the laboring classes in the future as faithfully as he has done in the past.

2. That as President of the State Alliance, we have seen no cause to regret his promotion to the responsible and trying position as it has been in the political campaign that has just ended—a campaign that will long be remembered as one of the most abusive and slanderous that has ever been fought by the white people of North Carolina.

3. That as Elector of the State at large on the People's party ticket there was no mistake, for he bore our flag on high wherever he unfurled it, fearlessly and to the satisfaction of his friends as shown by being made Vice President of our National Organization, for which we take this opportunity of thanking them and to assure our brothers of the great northwest that we feel hopeful that the time is near when we will unite our votes on one solid ticket for reform, and place men in office that will give us the financial relief that the agriculturalists so much need.
JAS. F. SHINE, Pres.
A. G. MOSLEY, Sec.

The Campaign of 1892 not Ended.

Special Correspondent.

PIKE, N. C., Jan. 15, 1893.

MR. EDITOR:—The great campaign of 1892 did not only stop with the election. It is going on now and will wax stronger through 1893. While it may seem from one standpoint that we were defeated, yet such is not the case. The great truths that have been brought to light are still fastening themselves on the minds of the people and will logically take possession of the people and govern their actions; then we will see the full results of the campaign of '92. Then fruits of this campaign will yet burst forth and bless those living and generations unborn, then they will look for the name of L. L. Polk and Marion Butler and others, and arise and call them blessed. The spirit of unrest that has arisen among our people is the result of unjust conditions, and this restless spirit cannot be made quiet until these conditions are made right, and all causes removed, and never will the campaign of 1892 be ended until this is accomplished, which will be done, it may be under other means and by other leaders, lest the principle will be the same. It seems to me that the People's party is stronger to-day than it was the 8th of November, the interest and work is still going on, and I honestly believe we will be able to see much fruit in two years more, and in four years a full harvest. C.

Family Reunion.

MR. EDITOR:—On Thursday, Jan. 5th, there was a very happy reunion at the residence of Mr. John Page, one of the oldest citizens of Dismal township, Sampson county. There were seventy-five children, grand children and great grand children present. All were there but the family of Rev. S. C. Page, who lives in Cumberland county.
S. B. P.

IN MEMORIAM.

Sixty words free, one cent for each extra word. Always send money with manuscript.

Hanson Honeycutt.

WHEREAS, It has pleased our Grand Master whose throne is eternal, to remove from us by death our brother Hanson Honeycutt, it behooves us as a Lodge of Masons to give some expression of our sorrow and sympathy, therefore

RESOLVED, That in the death of Brother Honeycutt this Lodge has sustained a great loss, the community has lost an upright and good citizen, the family a good husband and father, and the church of his choice a faithful member.

RESOLVED, That we tender to the bereaved family our heartfelt sympathy in this their sad hour, and commend them to the Savior, in whom our brother trusted.

RESOLVED, That we wear the badge of mourning for 30 days.

RESOLVED, That these resolutions be placed on the record book of the lodge and a copy of them sent to the family of the deceased.

FRANK BOYETTE,)
M. HANSTEIN,) Com.
Hiram Lodge, No. 98, F. and A. M.

Sampson County Agricultural Society.

The life and annual members of the Sampson County Agricultural Society met in the court house in regular session January 7, 1893. The following officers were elected to serve this year: W. H. Pigford, President; J. M. Powell, 1st Vice-President; R. L. Herring, 2d Vice-President; Robinson Boykin 3d Vice-President; A. Hobbs, Treasurer; John A. Oates, Secretary; H. E. Faison, Corresponding Secretary. They resolved to hold their fair this year some time in November. Days will be announced later.

The Red Hill Union.

The Alliance Union at Red Hill on last Saturday was quite a success, in spite of the sleet and snow and extreme cold weather. The writer was invited to address the meeting. He went, but did not expect to find a dozen present, but to our surprise and gratification we found enough delegates and members of the Alliance to more than half fill the commodious church. The brothers expected to have a public address and dinner. They had erected a large table and put up a stand in the grove, and decorated it in holiday style. We spoke indoors, but went out on the snow and enjoyed an elegant dinner. There would have been over 1,000 people present if the weather had not been so severe. The Alliance is stronger in that section than it was a month ago. The ladies are taking an interest in it.

[The above was written for the paper two weeks ago, but was misplaced.—ED.]

Populists in the Saddle in Colorado.

DENVER, Jan. 10th.—For the first time since Colorado became a State the Republican party has lost all voice in the control of the State offices and to-day the victorious Populists were duly installed at the heads of the various State departments.

IT IS THE REPUBLICAN MACHINE UP THERE.

The following editorial from brother Louck's paper, the Dakota Ruralist, shows that the money power is fighting the reform movement up there thro' the Republican machines as it is down here through the Democratic machines:

One would think the Alliance a menace to the country, if he would listen to the wild vaporings of Pettigrew's echo, called the Sioux Falls Press. Word through his (Pettigrew's) reflection has gone forth that the Alliance of South Dakota must be prevented from organizing or re-organizing, or it will "become bothersome two years hence." The time to fight an epidemic of political nonsense, or an epidemic of cholera, or diptheria, is before it has had time to spread and grow into a pestilence." The Press realizes the danger of an educational campaign, conducted within the organized Alliance, hence the great desire to scotch it now before it has "become bothersome."

Nothing would please Pettigrew, the Sioux Falls Press, or any of the Republican leaders, State or national, better than to see the Alliance "scotched" or destroyed. They all have a painful knowledge that somehow the Alliance had something to do with the defeat of the Republican party in the last election. They do not propose to take any chance, so they have "set the gait" to prevent any Alliance work for 1893.

Farmers of South Dakota, it rests with you whether the plan formulated by the "gang" of South Dakota will prevent the organization of farmers into the Alliance, whether or not you shall fight for the demands in your own way or accept the dictum of these self-constituted "cranks" who regard all the men as "hair-brained fanatics," who do not follow a line of policy that meets their approbation.

We mistake the temper of the farmers of South Dakota if they do not resent the insolence of the Press by completing the most perfect organization there has ever been in the State."

S.S.S. CURES MALARIAL POISON

Nature should be assisted to throw off impurities of the blood. Nothing does it so well, so promptly, or so safely as Swift's Specific.

LIFE HAD NO CHARMS.

For three years I was troubled with malarial poison, which caused my appetite to fail, and I was greatly reduced in flesh, and life lost all its charms. I tried mercurial and potash remedies, but to no effect. I could get no relief. I then decided to try S.S.S. A few bottles of this wonderful medicine made a complete and permanent cure, and I now enjoy better health than ever.
J. A. RICE, Ottawa, Kan.

Our book on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

If you want to find out what a dollar is worth, try to borrow one.

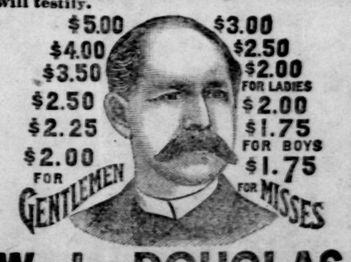
There are persons who expect to get to heaven up the steps of almsgiving.

Every confession to a weakness is a drift upon the reservoir of perfect manhood.

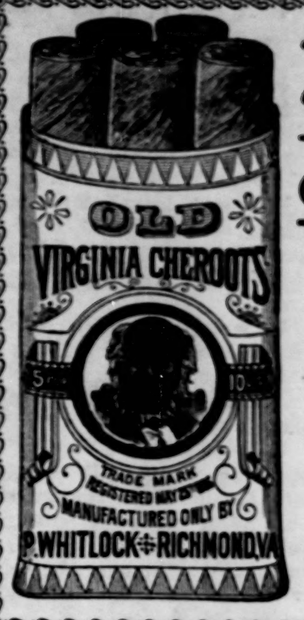
The editor whose labor noes not make men better and happier has missed his calling.

It is one of the highest virtues of a gentleman to apologize for a wrong he has committed.

IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself and family to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value for prices asked, as thousands will testify.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN,
THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY.
OTHER SPECIALTIES in footwear are of the same high grade, and represent a money value far beyond the prices charged. See that name and price are stamped on bottom of each shoe.
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.
W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass. Sold by
Edgar Herring, Garland, N. C.



"The Sales of
'Old Virginia'
Cheroots
Have reached 200,000 A DAY, and are CONSTANTLY INCREASING. They are made of Carefully Selected Leaf, and smoke Sweet to the End. FIVE for TEN CENTS."
20

World's News in Brief.

State.

Mr. Frank W. Thornton of Fayetteville, the great dry goods merchant made an assignment on the 9th inst. The liabilities are estimated at $225,000 with assets reported much less. Preferences and motgages amount to $75,000 He has offered to compromise with his creditors at 35c. on the dollar.

Maj. J. W. Wilson has been unanimously re-elected by the Legislature, a member of the railroad commission.

The thermometer registered zero at Winston on the 11th. It was the coldest weather there in fifteen years.

Henry Blount, editor of the Wilson Mirror, is to take the field on a lecturing tour in the spring.

Rev. J. B. Oliver of Fayetteville has accepted the call of the First Baptist church of Wilmington.

National.

Dr. Deems is better.

Mr. Blaine is now kept alive on stimulants.

Senator Hill says he will not fight Cleveland.

The Niagara river at Niagara. N. Y., is blocked with ice for the first time in seven years.

The cotton crop is estimated at less than 6,000,000 bales.

Mr. Carlisle has agreed to be Cleveland's Treasurer.

Edward Murphy, Jr., will be the new Senator from New York.

The Qurantine Bill has passed the Senate with amendments.

Small-pox has made its appearance among the citizens of Sitka, Alaska.

The average duration of lives in the United States is 47.3 years for mechanics, 48.4 years for merchants, 52.6 years for lawyers and 62.2 years for farmers.

Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottle free at the Drug Stores of R. H. Holliday and Jno. R. Smith of Mt. Olive. Large size 50c. and $100.

SILVER'S CHAMPION.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN NEWS

—THE DAILY BY MAIL.—

Subscription price reduced as follows:

One year (by mail)	$6.00
Six month (by mail)	3.00
Three month (by mail)	1.50
One month (by mail)	50

THE WEEKLY BY MAIL.

ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE, $1.00

THE NEWS is the only consistent champion of Silver in the West, and should be in every home in the West, and in the hands of every miner and business man in Colorado. Send in your subscription at once.

Address THE NEWS, Denver, Colo. tf.

Can it be Possible?

During the late campaign the Democrats made many flattering promises to the people of the country, and the same fellows who made the promises, in order to induce the people to vote their ticket, are the very fellows who are busily engaged in finding out a way to avoid keeping their promises.—Escondido, Cal. Advocate.

How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "SWAINE'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAINE'S OINTMENT.

THIS

SPACE

BELONGS

TO

T. M. FERREL,

CLINTON, N. C.

Remember on account of the fire I have been forced to locate at the corner of Elm and R. R. streets. My old customers and the public generally are invited to call and see me.
tf.

FRANK BOYETTE, D. D. S.,
DENTIST,
Office on Main Street,
Offers his services to the people of Clinton and vicinity. Everything in the line of Dentistry done in the best style. Satisfaction guaranteed.
My terms are strictly cash. Don't ask me to vary from this rule.

T. M. LEE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CLINTON, N. C.
Office on Main Street, opposite Court House. mch 17-tf

A. M. LEE, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND DENTIST,
Office in Lee's Drug Store.
je 7-1y

H. E. FAISON,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office on Main Street.
Will practice in the courts of Sampson and adjoining counties. Also in Supreme Court. All business entrusted to his care will receive prompt and careful attention.
je 7-1y

W. R ALLEN. W. T. DORTCH.
ALLEN & DORTCH,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
GOLDSBORO, N. C.
Will practice in Sampson county.
mch 27-tf

DR. CHAS. S. BOYETTE,
DENTIST,
Mount Olive, N. C.,
Offers his services to the public. Charges moderate and work guaranteed. Office at Dr. Flower's old stand. my 28-tf

DR. D. S. HARMON,
RUSSIAN OPTHALMIC OPTICIAN AND INVENTOR,
Rooms 2 and 3, Allen Building, Princess Street,
WILMINGTON, N. C
No charge for examination of eyes.
jy 28-tf

LADY OR WOMAN?

Give us that grand word "woman" once again
And let's have done with "lady."
One's a term
Full of force, strong, beautiful and firm,
Fit for the noblest use of tongue or pen,
And one's a word for lackeys.
—Ella W. Wilcox.

Yet pause, fair poetess, and think again
Ere you dispense with "lady."
'Tis a name
O'er which a cloud can never lower.
Shame
Cannot find entrance where a lady is;
Where shame is, there's no lady.

The name suggests
A true refinement; intellect and taste,
Purity, modesty, forbearance—haste
Then my poetess and change thy verse. The best
Thy fair sex are ladies.

A woman is
A female—No distinction in the name to tell
If she's a spotless saint, or fiend of hell;
It gives her sex alone. She ne'er can fall
So low but that she is a woman still:
Confine her to that name she ne'er can rise
One jot above the fallen wretch whose lies
Drag others down, for all are women—all.

Then use each name at proper time and place.
And one the other never can disgrace.
S. H. Bright.

An Income Tax.

HON. T. E. WATSON.

This income tax law passed Congress July 1, 1862. It did not go into effect till 1863.

By its terms all incomes in excess of $500 and under $10,000 were taxed at 3 per cent, over $10,000 at 5 per cent.

This was surely very moderate.

The tax was collected under the internal revenue system.

From this source the government collected $2,741,857 in 1863.

For the fiscal year, ending the 30th of June 1864, it collected $20,294,733.

On the 3rd day of March, 1865, the act was amended so as to substitute 5 per cent for 3 per cent on the smaller incomes, and 10 per cent. for the 5 per cent upon the large ones, commencing with an income of $5000.

Under these acts the government collected $32,050,017.

In 1866 this tax yielded $72,982,395. In 1867 it yielded $66,014,429.

In 1867 the law was amended. The tax was diminished in effect one half. The amendment also provided that the act was to expire with the year 1870.

In 1868, $41,455,599 was the sum collected. In 1870 it was $34,891,857. On July 14th, 1870, the tax was extended one year, and reduced to 2 1–2 per cent.

This was repealed by an act which passed the Senate January 26th, 1871. and the House on March 3d, 1871. The yeas and nays were not taken in the House.

Taxes already due before the repeal of the act continued to be collected in 1871 and in 1872 and 1873. The last were not in till 1877.

The total amount collected under this very moderate income tax was $346,906,738.

Does any one doubt that it would now be practical to collect enough revenue from this source to run the government?

Fortunes have so amazingly increased in the hands of the millionaires; profits so stupendous have accumulated in the hands of Standard Oil magnates, coal barons, railroad kings, sugar trust operators, steel and iron combines, that a good heavy tax on incomes above $10,000—the tax growing heavier as the income was larger—would be phenomanal in its yield.

The reasons why such a tax would be better than any we now have are sufficiently obvious.

1. It would put the burden on the class most able to bear it.

2. It would put the support of the administration upon those who derive the greatest benefits under the laws.

3. It would interest the most powerful class in the cause of economy. Rich men get particular when they know that they must foot the bills.

4. It would put the pension debt on the men who got rich off the victories of the soldiers.

5. It would discourage the accumulation of enormous fortunes and would afford a legal method of checking the growth of concentrated wealth.

6. It would abolish the tariff, which, as a system of collecting taxes, is the most costly, one sided and monstrous the world ever saw.

7. It would supplant internal revenue taxes upon whiskey and tobacco—which subjects of taxation should be relegated to the States.

8. It would give to the tax oppressed people all over the land a relief from the crushing burden of indirect, cowardly and illegal taxes which are wrung from them in the name of the law for the benefit of privileged classes.

The nations of Europe recognize the injustice of the income tax.

In England it yields about $60,000,000 annually; in Australia, $12,000,000; in Italy, $45,000,000; and in Prussia $30,000,000.

Weaver, Not Cleveland, Defeated Harrison.

The Democracy did not defeat the Republican party at the late Presidential election. It was the People's party which did it. Weaver, not Cleveland, defeated Harrison. That is to say, if the People's party had not been in the field, Harrison would have beaten Cleveland. If you do not belive this, examine the returns. You will find in addition to the four or five States which the People's party wrested from the Republicans, that in all the formerly Republican states which the Democrats carried, the People's party polled a vote which, added to the Republican vote, would have easily given them to the latter party. Now, three out of four People's party voters in the Northern States are former Republicans, men who in the lack of a Third party ticket would presumably have voted the Republican in preference to the Democratic ticket. The inference is that if the People's party had not been in the field Harrison would have carried every Northern State west of the Mississippi, would have also held the Lake basin and Ohio basin States, including Indiana, and been elected.—Bellamy's New Nation.

The Twins Will Combine.

The Chicago Daily News Record whose ability and solidity is unquestioned, and being opposed to the People's party on principle is perhaps as good an exponent of the political situation as any other, says:

"The 444 electoral votes will be cast about as follows:

For Cleveland,	268
For Harrison,	152
For Weaver,	24

What of the People's party? It, with its Democratic allies, has carried the States of Kansas, Colorado. Nevada, North Dakota and Idaho. It almost captured Nebraska and South Dakota. It made hard fight for Oregon, and has secured one elector there. It spoiled a heavy vote in Minnesota, Alabama and other states. No other third party has accomplished so much in the present generation. Has it come to stay?

Whether the old parties can face each other in line of battle four years hence, or whether the new third party, firing at both from the flank, will lead them to make common cause against a common foe remains to be seen. That the latter will be the case is of course the triumphant prophecy of the People's party leaders. If that party should succeed in hauling the South away by the heels, as it has the West, the old parties would be likely to run together like two melted snow banks on one hillside."

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Sylptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50c. Dr. Swayne & Son Philadelphia.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

[Under this head we will Publish all the Letters we can find room for.]

Reform Growing in Rockingham county.

Oregon, Jan. 13th, 1893.

Editor Caucasian,

Clinton, N. C.

Dear Sir and Bro:—We, the members of Mt. Carmel Alliance No. 544, feel proud that Marion Butler, our Presi- of the State Alliance, is the Vice-President of the National Alliance, in fact we feel proud of Bro. Butler anyhow because he has stood the shot and shell of the enemy and has come out victorious, and with more friends to back him than he had when he started into the fight of reform. We will stand by him to a man because we believe him to be true to the people who work for an honest living. We like his stand and we like to read his paper, and we will stand by it by sending subscribers to it as fast as we can. Our Alliance is in fine trim for work. We initiated two last Saturday and voted on two more for the next meeting. We meet twice a month and we never will be disorganized. Each attack that is made on the Alliance or its leaders makes us just that much stronger. We have organized a debating club with a membership of 50 or 60 for the purpose of discussing the political questions, and if necessary to have our campaign funds ready by the next election. For if the Democrats don't give us the needed relief this time we will vote another ticket. We shall see what we shall see. I see that some of the papers say that the Alliance has gone into politics. It is false, our order has never discussed politics in it in a partisian manner, yet we have a membership of about one hundred. There was a little insignificant sheet handed around a day or two before the election saying that there was a Gideon Band got up by the Alliance or People's party. I gave it the lie so far as Rockingham was concerned for I am chairman of the Peoples party committee and President of my Alliance, and I know that it was false. I am glad that the People's party did not tell falsehoods on any party to get votes. We are in for the work and will keep our picket out night and day until the war is ended. Stand firm and we will stand to you. May the Lord bless you in your work of reform and progress you in your financial interest and bless and take care of your family. You can publish any part of this if you choose or let it go to the waste basket. But remember that we will stand solid to the end.

Yours fraternally.

W. D. Wall.

Pres. of Mt. Carmel Alliance, No. 544.

Such Questions Disturbe Conference.

Why should we call a banker's due bill "money" and pay him interest on it? Give us free coinage and a national currency.

Mighty Undemocratic.

The wild-cat State bank system is a mighty undemocratic scheme. Any law that delegates the power of issuing money to individuals is undemocratic.—Our Home.

Truth and Right will Triumph.

The man who votes for principle does not "lose" his vote, even if he is with the minority, for truth and right will ultimately triumph.—Our Home.

Don't Attack the Church.

The shameful thing about it is the fact that almost every church in the land would rather receive one Rockfeller than to secure the conversion of a hundred ordinary poor people.—Marysville, Kan. Advocate.

Afraid of the Dreadful Howl.

"Work harder and complain less," is the advice given to the farmers by Democrat Flower, of New York. We would take his advice were it not that we are afraid of that dreadful overproduction howl.—Our Home.

AT THE NATION'S CAPITAL.

SOME MATTERS THAT WILL COME BEFORE CONGRESS SOON.

What the Reformers Are Doing at Headquarters—Cleveland's Cabinet and the Future Policy of the Democrats—Fight Against Silver.

Special Correspondence.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 9.—Politicians of all parties are exercising their prophetic powers as to the make-up of Cleveland's cabinet. As Kentucky aspirants are now figuring on their chances to succeed Mr. Carlisle in the Senate, it is thought he will be the next Secretary of the Treasury. In speaking of Carlisle's chance for the Treasury portfolio, Congressman Dickerson, of Kentucky, said:

The East is fearful of the financial theories and ideas of the West. It would be a good thing to have Mr. Carlisle as Secretary to practically demonstrate to the country that a Western man can be as conservative, as able, and as capable as a man selected directly from Wall street. It will be a good object lesson for the moneyed men of the East, and I should like to see Mr. Carlisle at the head of the department.

Continuing, Mr. Dickerson said:

England is far more interested just now in learning who will be Secretary of the Treasury, than she is in who will be Secre- of State.

Then we are to guess that the next Secretary of the Treasury will be, first of all, a comforter for Wall street, and the "moneyed men of the East." He will be expected, also to appease the anxiety of Endgland. Mr. Carlisle can do all this, no doubt, and more too; he can pose as a friend of the people.

It is understood here, that Mr. Cleveland will not call an extra session of Congress before next fall; and not then, unless the condition of the Treasury demands it. In such event, the question arises, what would be the method of replenishing the Treasury? Would the tariff be increased? Would internal revenues be increased? Would an income tax be levied, or would Government bonds be sold? Mr. Cleveland will surely recommend the issuance of bonds. When we reach this emergency it will be an opportune time for the reform organizations of the country to make themselves heard in demanding a graduated income tax.

Your readers should prepare themselves to enter a vigorous protest against the passage of the Nicaragua canal bill. Every indication points to the favorable consideration of this measure by leading lights of both old parties.

The plan will be to have the government lend its cradit or issue its bonds to further the scheme, which will be left absolutely in the hands of private manipulators. The most powerful lobby ever concentrated at the Capitol will be here to secure the passage of this bill. Let the people be on the alert with their protests.

An early fight may be expected in this session over the McPherson resolution to suspend the operation of the Sherman act of 1890, which authorized the purchase by the government of 4,500,000 ounces of silver each month. Representative Pierce, of Tennessee, who, with Mr. Bland, led the fight for free silver, declares his purpose to lead a fillibuster if necessary to defeat the consideration of the resolution in the House. Such heroic efforts may postpone action until the next Congress.

Senator Allison, one of the members of the International Monetary Conference from the United States, has returned, and declares his purpose to resign, giving as his reason that Cleveland should be allowed to select a delegation which will reflect his views on the silver issue.

Ex-Attorney-General Garland attorney for some western silver miners, has moved in the Supreme Court for the advancement of case No. 1070, which involves the constitutionality of the act demonetizing silver. It is claimed by the complainants that undr the Constitution the mints of the United States have no right to refuse to coin silver bullion into money when presented. The silver men hope for an early hearing by the court.

The anti-option bill will come up early in the Senate, and several speeches will be made for and against it. Its enemies are sanguine of its defeat. We may expect some kind of legislation looking to the restriction of emigration. A great many petitions are being sent Congressmen requerting such legislation.

The National Executtve Committee of the Alliance will convene here to-day. Its session will probably hold for some days. A complete understanding will be had as to the work for the next year. Considerable interest is felt here among reformers, in the coming meeting of the Reform Press Association, which will be held here, beginning on the 22d of Feb. Secretary W. S. Morgan, of St. Louis, has charge of the matter of transportation, and has promised to secure many accommodations for the delegates. Either Col. Lee Crandall or N. A. Dunning, will have charge of the local arrangements. Among the reform workers now in Washingfon, are: Hon. H. E. Taubeneck and E. G. Blood, of Illinois. Mrs. Marion Todd, of Michigan, and Mrs. Diggs, of Kansas, are here for the winter. National Lecturer Terrell will begin his year's work by visiting the Congressional meetings in Tennessee in February.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

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Proverbs.

The self-righteous man is so upright in his own conceit that he actually leaneth backward. He thinks he has a corner on honesty.

The shrewd man humoreth the whims of his fellow-men, that he may make them serve him.

The chronic kicker knoweth not what to do when he is clothed with power and responsibility. He is poor timber for a constructive statesman.

Verily, Verily, I say unto you, there are some Democratic voters who strain at a gnat and swallow a camel.

The patriot returneth bravely to the battle after every defeat, but the office-seeker falleth by the wayside when the spoils are lost.

The man who thinketh that he is wiser than all others should take heed lest he be set down as a conceited fool.

How the Electoral Vote Will Stand.

New York, Jan. 3rd.—The Evening Post of to-day says:

The settlement of the Oregon contest makes it possible to give an accurate table of the vote for President as it should be cast by the electoral college and which will show: Total number of votes, 444. Necessary to a choice, 223, Cleveland's majority 108. The total vote for the respective candidates is as follows: Cleveland, 276; Harrison, 144; Weaver, 24.

Cures all Female Complaints and Monthly Irregularity, Leucorrhœa or Whites. Pain in Back or Sides, strengthens the feeble, builds up the whole system. It has cured thousands and will cure you. Druggists have it. Send stamp for book. Dr. J. P. DROMGOOLE & CO., Louisville, Ky.

Can't do Much in Four Years.

The Democrats now have a "chance," but they must like wise have time. Can't do much in four years of course.—Hartford City Arena.

Free Silver Men Will Fight.

Washington, Jan. 2.—Congressman Pierce, the free silver champion of Tennessee, declares that the free coinage men will fight until the close of the present session of Congress to prevent the repeal of the Sherman purchase law. He however acknowledges that he believes the measure will be repealed at the next session, as 128 Republicans and 70 or more Domocrats will vote for it.

Our Platform.

No banks of isue, State or National.

Gold and silver colned at present ratio, on terms of equality.

Paper, as well as gold and silver, made a full legal tender.

Money direct to the people, neither for public services or on loans on ample security at a low rate of interest, not exceeding 2 per cent.

A graduated tax on all incomes over five thousand dollars.

A graduated tax on all land holdings to make land monopoly unprofitable.

Public ownership and control of public utilities, such as railways, telegraphs, telephone, street railways, water works etc.

Leave to the individual what the individual can do for himself.

Feed no able bodied person with the "bread of charity" so long as there are public improvements to make.—Plow and Hammer.

THE DIFFERENCE.

Tom Watson discussing the Nicaragua canal scheme, says:

"Senator John Sherman, from his committee, has reported favorably the bill to lend the credit of the government to the canal corporation to the modest sum of one hundred million dollars.

When the farmers ask a loan they cannot even get the matter considered.

Big difference.

The farmers hire no lobbyists, buy no editors and bribe no committeemen.

That's the difference."

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

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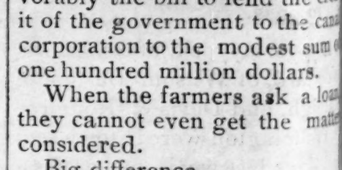
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